

Sub 33
A2
5. (Amended) The tissue culture according to claim 4, cells or protoplasts of the tissue culture being from a tissue source selected from the group consisting of leaves, pollen, embryos, roots, root tips, anthers, silks, flowers, kernels, ears, cobs, husks, and stalks.

6. (Amended) A maize plant regenerated from the tissue culture of claim 4.

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8. (Amended) The method of claim 7 wherein the inbred maize plant produced by growing the seed of inbred line PH3PG, is the female or male parent.

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14. (Amended) A maize plant, or parts thereof, wherein at least one ancestor of said maize plant is the maize plant of claim 2, said maize plant expressing a combination of at least two traits which are not significantly different from PH3PG when determined at a 5% significance level and when grown in the same environmental conditions, said traits selected from the group consisting of: a maturity of 81 based on the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System for harvest moisture of grain, stalk lodging resistance, root lodging resistance, test weight, maturity, harvest moisture, yield, early season growth and adaptability to the Northcentral region of the United States and Southern Manitoba, Canada.

15. (Amended) A method for developing a maize plant in a maize plant breeding program comprising: obtaining the maize plant, or its parts, of claim 2; and employing said plant or parts as a source of breeding material using plant breeding techniques.

16. (Amended) The method of claim 15 wherein plant breeding techniques are selected from the group consisting of: recurrent selection, backcrossing, pedigree breeding, restriction fragment length polymorphism enhanced selection, genetic marker enhanced selection, and transformation.

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22. (Amended) The maize plant of claim 21, wherein said plant has been manipulated to be male sterile.

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Sub 35
24. (Amended) The tissue culture according to claim 23, cells or protoplasts of the tissue culture being from a tissue source selected from the group consisting of leaves,

pollen, embryos, roots, root tips, anthers, silks, flowers, kernels, ears, cobs, husks, and stalks.

25. (Amended) A maize plant regenerated from the tissue culture of claim 23.

27. (Amended) The method of claim 26 wherein the plant having all the physiological and morphological characteristics of inbred line PH3PG is the female or male parent.

33. (Amended) A maize plant, or parts thereof, wherein at least one ancestor of said maize plant is the maize plant of claim 21, said maize plant expressing a combination of at least two traits which are not significantly different from PH3PG when determined at a 5% significance level and when grown in the same environmental conditions, said traits selected from the group consisting of: a maturity of 81 based on the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System for harvest moisture of grain, stalk lodging resistance, root lodging resistance, test weight, maturity, harvest moisture, yield, early season growth and adaptability to the Northcentral region of the United States and Southern Manitoba, Canada.

34. (Amended) A method for developing a maize plant in a maize plant breeding program comprising: obtaining the maize plant, or its parts, of claim 21; and employing said plant or parts from a source of breeding material using plant breeding techniques.

35. (Amended) The method of claim 34 wherein plant breeding techniques are selected from the group consisting of: recurrent selection, backcrossing, pedigree breeding, restriction fragment length polymorphism enhanced selection, genetic marker enhanced selection, and transformation.

41. (Amended) A PH3PG-derived maize plant, or parts thereof, produced by the method of claim 40, said PH3PG-derived maize plant expressing a combination of at least two traits which are not significantly different from PH3PG when determined at a 5% significance level and when grown in the same environmental conditions, said traits selected from the group consisting of: a maturity of 81 based on the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System for harvest moisture of grain, stalk lodging resistance, root lodging resistance, test weight, maturity, harvest moisture, yield, early season

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 growth and adaptability to the Northcentral region of the United States and Southern Manitoba, Canada.

AD Sub C7
 43. (Amended) The further PH3PG-derived maize plant, or parts thereof, produced by the method of claim 42.

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Sub B10
 45. (Amended) A PH3PG-derived maize plant, or parts thereof, produced by the method of claim 44, said PH3PG-derived maize plant expressing a combination of at least two traits which are not significantly different from PH3PG when determined at a 5% significance level and when grown in the same environmental conditions, said traits selected from the group consisting of: a maturity of 81 based on the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System for harvest moisture of grain, stalk lodging resistance, root lodging resistance, test weight, maturity, harvest moisture, yield, early season growth and adaptability to the Northcentral region of the United States and Southern Manitoba, Canada.

46. (Amended) A further PH3PG-derived maize plant, or parts thereof, of claim 43, wherein said further PH3PG-derived maize plant or parts thereof, express a combination of at least two traits which are not significantly different from PH3PG when determined at a 5% significance level and when grown in the same environmental conditions, said traits selected from the group consisting of: a maturity of 81 based on the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System for harvest moisture of grain, stalk lodging resistance, root lodging resistance, test weight, maturity, harvest moisture, yield, early season growth and adaptability to the Northcentral region of the United States and Southern Manitoba, Canada.

Please add new claims 50 and 51

Sub B11
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 50. (New) The seed of claim 1 wherein said seed further comprises genetic or cytoplasmic male sterility.

51. (New) The maize plant of claim 21, wherein said plant further comprises genetic or cytoplasmic male sterility.